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RESOLUTION NO.

WHEREAS, the City of Austin is committed to undoing its racist past and combatting and denouncing racism in present-day Austin; and

WHEREAS, the City of Austin acknowledges that the history of bigotry and discrimination has contributed to racially disparate outcomes in policing and policy; and WHEREAS, the Center for Policing Equity found in 2016 that the Austin Police Department (APD) was more likely to use force in communities where more African-Americans and Latinos live, and when force was used, APD was more likely to use more

severe force in communities where African-Americans and Latinos live, even after controlling for factors such as community crime and poverty rates; and

WHEREAS, the APD's state-mandated racial profiling reports consistently show that Black and Latino drivers are more than twice as likely to be searched as their white counterparts during traffic stops despite similar "hit rates", including in 2018 where 6 percent of traffic stops of white drivers resulted in a police searches compared to 14 percent for Latino drivers and 17 percent for Black drivers; and

WHEREAS, APD data provided per Council Resolution No. 20180614-073 (one of the Freedom City Resolutions) showed that in 2017 APD police officers made discretionary arrests of Black people at more than twice the rate of either white or Latino residents; and

- WHEREAS, that same 2017 data also showed Black and Latino residents accounted for just under 75 percent of those discretionary arrests for driving with an invalid license, although the two groups combine to make up less than 45 percent of Austin's population; and
- WHEREAS, that same 2017 data also showed that one out of three discretionary arrests for misdemeanor marijuana possession involved a Black resident even though less than one in ten Austinites is Black, though usage rates of marijuana are similar across racial groups; and
- WHEREAS, per the quarterly report for Council Resolution No. 20180614-073, issued by APD on May 3, 2019, Black people still comprised 32 percent of persons arrested by APD for offenses eligible for citation, which, proportionally, amounts to more than three times Austin's Black population; and
 - WHEREAS, an anonymous whistle-blower has recently accused an Assistant Chief of the Austin Police Department of using racist epithets and derogatory terms, including "negro" and "nigger," to refer to specific Black elected officials and sworn officers of the Austin Police Department; and

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WHEREAS, following the public release of the anonymous complaint and subsequent resignation of the Assistant Chief named in the complaint, City Manager announced on November 7, 2019 that a third-party investigation into the allegations that

- the use of racial slurs and epithets lasted over a period of many years with the knowledge
- of other leadership at APD; and
- WHEREAS, the Mayor's Task Force on Institutional Racism and Systemic
- 43 Inequity recommends that the City of Austin create protocols to ensure the cultural
- 44 competency of all personnel, and that the City of Austin's law enforcement agencies
- engage in continuous diversity and inclusion training, with special attention to implicit
- 46 bias training; and
- WHEREAS, in 2018, the Office of Police Oversight was created to augment
- 48 accountability and transparency at APD, and that the department could benefit from
- 49 expanded access and resources; and
- WHEREAS, the Austin Police Department presented a training plan during the
- 51 City of Austin FY2019-20 budget deliberations indicating its intention to graduate almost
- 52 200 new cadets in Academy classes scheduled to start in February 2020; and
- WHEREAS, attrition rates in recent cadet classes exceeded expectations in at least
- 54 the last five cadet classes, reaching as high as 49 percent, suggesting that there exist issues
- 55 with recruitment and cadet preparedness; and
- WHEREAS, while assessment center panels were recommended as a method to
- 57 counter the potential bias in written exams for promotion of APD officers, there are
- concerns that the system does not accomplish this goal and in fact may have the opposite
- 59 impact. And

WHEREAS, patterns and specific incidents of discrimination and bigotry in the 60 Austin Police Department erode the public trust, which is necessary to effectively enforce 61 the law, solve crimes, and maintain public safety, and so the Council finds it imperative 62 to understand the full extent of bigotry and systemic racism and discrimination within 63 APD, and consider reforms to APD's policies, protocols, and training curriculum; **NOW**, 64 65

THEREFORE,

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BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF AUSTIN:

The Council supports the investigation initiated by the City Manager into the allegations against a former APD Assistant Chief. The City Manager is directed to provide an update and publicize resulting findings to Council by January 23, 2020.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

Effective on January 23, 2020, the City Manager is directed to initiate a 71 comprehensive, multi-pronged investigation and evaluation of the extent to which forms 72 73 of bigotry and discrimination are present in the protocols, practices, and behaviors of the officers of the Austin Police Department. To the extent to which they are present, this 74 investigation and evaluation shall document the impacts these individual and systemic 75 biases have had on hiring, professional ranking, and treatment of personnel within APD, 76 77 as well as police interactions with people of color and other marginalized groups in Austin. 78

- The investigation should begin with an immediate focus on patterns of prejudiced behavior and institutionalized bigotry in the following high-priority areas:
- 1. Officer and supervisor communications, including all public posts on social media platforms that are available to the investigator, City email, and text messages and instant message communications on City devices within the last 5 years;

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- 2. Recruitment practices and protocols, efforts to ensure ethnic and gender diversity and inclusion in recruitment, and assessment of academic resources available to cadets.
 - Investigation of these high-priority areas of focus should result in an interim report that includes analysis of expressed behavior and patterns, and any immediate recommendations for reform presented publicly to the Council no later than December 7, 2020.
 - Investigation into and analysis of the following areas of focus should begin concurrently:
- 3. APD's compliance with state and federal law with regard to racial and gender discrimination in employment;
- 4. The basis for the weighting of assessment center panel scores in the professional ranking and promotion of APD officers, including the degree to which the use of assessment centers counters potential bias in the promotion process, if at all, and

best practices for the transparency and use of assessment centers in ranking, and the appropriate weights for promotion consideration at each officer level;

- 5. All use-of-force incident reports from June 2019 to November 2019, analyzing them by location, any resulting charges, the outcome of each incident, and demographic information including race, ethnicity, and language spoken of all persons involved;
- 6. Aggregate data on every recorded interaction from June 2019 to November 2019 with any member of the public, including type of interaction and its outcome (search, arrest with charges, citation with charges) and an evaluation on whether there are racial and/or ethnic or other disparities in searches, arrests, charges and citations;
- 7. Complaints made against officers and executives accused of bias and/or discrimination, including complaints that did not result in disciplinary action and the reason that no disciplinary action was taken in each case, for the last 10 years;
- 8. Incidents leading to lawsuits for police misconduct, and analysis of the outcomes and subsequent settlements of those lawsuits, including the amount of each settlement, over the last 10 years.
- The evaluating entity will issue a final report no later than December 6, 2021, that details any patterns of systemic racism, racist behavior, and other forms of discrimination

found in all the above areas of focus, to include recommendations to remedy and prevent patterns of bias.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

The independent investigation and examination shall be conducted by an independent third party with substantial experience in the evaluation and investigation of police misconduct, bias, and claims in employment law and Title VII violations, as well as in assessing systemic conditions that engender civil rights violations, including both organizational decision-making and greater policy-making rules and patterns.

The City Manager shall develop the scope of work and qualifications for the solicitation of the evaluating entity with input from the Joint Inclusion Committee, the Public Safety Commission, and community organizations that advocate for racial justice, equity, and criminal justice reform as allowable by the City's purchasing rules. The City Manager shall determine the appropriate funding sources when recommending the contract for Council approval.

The City Manager is also directed to collaborate with the Equity Office and the Office of Police Oversight in a joint oversight capacity regarding the selection and supervision of the independent investigating entity, to the extent allowed by the City's procurement policies.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

Separately from the independent third-party investigation that is to be completed no later than December 6, 2021,, the City Manager shall initiate an audit of Austin Police Department's training materials, course/section descriptions and duration, and description of any other procedures (e.g. detailed descriptions of scenarios) administered to cadet classes and to active officers related to training on communication strategies, cultural competency, acknowledging and addressing bias, use of force, de-escalation, search, proactive policing, mental health response, protocols for non-English speaking persons, protocols for disabled persons, recognizing resistance, and their evaluation protocols, as well as the course/section content and duration of all other coursework required at the cadet academy and their evaluation protocols. The City Manager may work with and incorporate results from any review of APD hiring and training protocols that has been conducted or is being conducted by the APD's training specialist, the Equity Office, or the Office of Police Oversight.

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The City Manager is directed to update or revise training materials for APD to the extent necessary to remedy any findings from the audit. This process should be as transparent as possible, ensuring that the public has access to view training materials on the topics of bias, racism, and cultural competency in policing. The audit is to be completed and reported to Council no later than June 1, 2020.

During this process, the City Manager will track and report on the following milestones:

• Training conducted at the Austin Police Academy related to reducing bias, increasing de-escalation, reducing racial disparities in use of force and severity of force, reducing racial disparities in discretionary searches, and improving communication with all individuals regardless of language, ethnicity, sexual orientation, gender identity, or disability;

- Recruiting and retention and practices and procedures with a focus on whether those practices and procedures could be improved to retain ethnic and gender diversity in cadet classes, and whether those practices and procedures, including the use of disqualification codes for cadets, have a disparate effect or impact based on race, ethnicity, national origin, sex, religion, sexual orientation, or gender identity, etc.
- Current training priorities based on hours on each topic and the overall balance of training with a focus on whether training should be re-balanced to reduce bias, increase use of de-escalation techniques, and improve culturally effective communication, and trauma-informed policing;
- Cadet training scenarios with focus on reviewing whether the scenarios teach officers to use all strategies to de-escalate and communicate effectively in the situations statistically most likely to occur on their shifts;
- Identify police academies that have successfully revised training resulting in reduced force incidents and improved communication with diverse communities,

176	including police Academies in Cambridge, Washington State (Washington State
177	Criminal Justice Training Commission), and Minneapolis, and conduct site visits
178	and review training reforms; and
179	• Improvements in training should be finalized with the input and participation of
180	community groups representing those disproportionately affected by policing,
181	including those representing non-white residents and populations, non-English
182	speaking residents and populations, LGTBQIA+ residents and populations and
183	residents and persons with disabilities.
184	Following the start of the cadet class scheduled to begin in February 2020, the City
185	Manager shall ensure that no new cadet classes are to be initiated until this audit is
186	completed, revisions to the curricula per the milestones above and new training materials,
187	if necessary, are implemented, in order to resume cadet classes no later than September
188	2020. When classes resume, space will be made available for an independent party to
189	audit classes and instruction.
190	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:
191	The City Manager shall issue biannual updates on the progress of the independent
192	third-party investigation, to include relevant updates on the solicitation process and
193	anticipated timelines for the investigation to proceed.
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195	ADOPTED :, 2019

